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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/014,516	12/14/2001	Tomohiro Nakata	Q67231 3587		
7590 08/25/2004			EXAMINER		
SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC			KIM, SANG K		
	nia Avenue, N.W.				
Washington, DC 20037-3213			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3654		
			DATE MAILED, 09/25/200	4	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary		Application N	0.	Applicant(s)	4/	1		
		10/014,516		NAKATA ET AL.	L	/		
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		SANG KIM		3654				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apports.	pears on the co	ver sheet with the d	correspondence ad	idress			
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Faill Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. a period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailined patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, h ly within the statutory will apply and will exp e, cause the application	owever, may a reply be tin minimum of thirty (30) day ire SIX (6) MONTHS from in to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this of D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ly. xommunication.			
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 J</u>	lulv 2004.						
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. —	Since this application is in condition for allowa			secution as to the	e merits is			
,	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
4)🖂	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 9-12</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>7,8 and 13-17</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 9-12</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Applicat	ion Papers							
9)[The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	cepted or b)	objected to by the	Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be h	eld in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ction is required it	the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
11)[The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note	he attached Office	Action or form P	TO-152.			
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document Certified copies of the priority document Copies of the certified copies of the priority document Copies of the certified copies of the priority document Ception from the International Bureat Ception for a list	its have been re its have been re prity documents au (PCT Rule 1	eceived. eceived in Applicat have been receiven 7.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National	l Stage			
Attachmer	• •							
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4)	Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D					
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08	5)	-		O-152)			
	er No(s)/Mail Date	6)	Other:					

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-2 and 4-5 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Sakai et al, Japan Patent 60112562 A.

Sakai '562 shows winding the web around a core at a low tension, then progressively increasing the tension of the web at a predetermined rate until reaching a high tension, and thereafter winding the web under a tension which is being reduced from the high tension until the web is in a completely wound state, as clearly shown in figure 3.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sakai et al, Japan Patent 60112562 A.

With respect to claims 3 and 6, Sakai '562 sets the low tension approximately 70% of basic tension during initial winding. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to set the low tension up to

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15% of the length to which the web is to be wound, since it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art. In re Boesch, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980).

Claims 9-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sakai et al, Japan Patent 60112562 A, in view of Kataoka, U.S. Patent No. 4238084.

Sakai '562 is silent on particular structures, such as, winding tension storing means, torque converting means, and core rotational control means.

Kataoka shows winding tension storing means (11) for storing a winding tension corresponding to the length to which the web is wound around the core; torque converting means (12) for reading said winding tension from said winding tension storing means (11) and converting the read winding tension into a winding torque; and core rotation control means (9) for controlling rotation of the core according to said winding torque.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to explain the particular structures of Sakai by showing winding tension storing means, torque converting means, and core rotational control means, as taught by Katatoka, to show and explain how to control the tension in winding apparatus.

With respect to claims 10 and 12, Sakai or Kataoka does not show a plurality of webs. Kataoka shows only the side view and cannot determine if there are a plurality of webs used or not.

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It would be obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the apparatus capable of having more than one web in order to speed up the process of winding.

Response to Arguments

Claims 7-8 and 13-17 have been withdrawn.

Applicant's arguments filed on 7/8/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive with respect to 1-6 and 9-12.

Applicant argues that Sakai '562 does not disclose "progressively increasing" the tension of the web at a predetermined rate until reaching a high tension. Sakai '562 shows an almost-instantaneous stepwise jump in the tension of the web. Therefore, Sakai '562 does not disclose a progressive increase in the tension of the web.

Applicant is relying that "progressively increasing" the tension of the web has to be a certain rate of tension. As broadly construed, the term "progressively" is defined as: moving forward or onward; advancing, as defined in Webster dictionary. Therefore, Sakai '562 does show "progressively increasing the tension of the web at a predetermined rate until reaching a high tension," as shown in figures 2-3.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sang Kim whose telephone number is (703) 305-3712. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday from 8:00 A.M. to 5:30 P.M. alternating Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kathy Matecki can be reached on (703) 308-2688. The fax phone numbers are (703) 872-9326 for regular communications and (703) 872-9327 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

SK

8/10/04

KATHY MATECKI
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600